

45 45 90 and 30 60 90 triangles worksheet answer key

45 45 90 and 30 60 90 triangles worksheet answer key is a crucial resource for students and educators alike. These two specific types of right triangles are foundational in understanding trigonometric concepts and geometry. Worksheets designed around these triangles not only reinforce theoretical knowledge but also enhance problem-solving skills. This article will delve into the characteristics of 45 45 90 and 30 60 90 triangles, provide examples of problems commonly found in worksheets, and offer a comprehensive answer key for educators and students.

Understanding 45 45 90 Triangles

A 45 45 90 triangle is an isosceles right triangle, meaning it has two equal sides and one right angle (90 degrees). The angles in this triangle measure 45 degrees each for the two acute angles.

Properties of 45 45 90 Triangles

1. Side Length Ratios: The sides of a 45 45 90 triangle are in the ratio of $1:1:\sqrt{2}$. If each leg (the two equal sides) is 'x', the hypotenuse (the side opposite the right angle) is $x\sqrt{2}$.

2. Area Calculation: The area of a 45 45 90 triangle can be calculated using the formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} = \frac{1}{2} \times x \times x = \\ &= \frac{x^2}{2} \end{aligned}$$

3. Perimeter Calculation: The perimeter can be calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= x + x + x\sqrt{2} = 2x + x\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

Understanding 30 60 90 Triangles

A 30 60 90 triangle has angles measuring 30 degrees, 60 degrees, and 90 degrees. This triangle has a unique set of side length ratios that differentiate it from the 45 45 90 triangle.

Properties of 30 60 90 Triangles

1. Side Length Ratios: The sides are in the ratio of $1:\sqrt{3}:2$. If the shortest side (opposite the 30-degree angle) is 'x', then the side opposite the 60-degree angle is ' $x\sqrt{3}$ ', and the hypotenuse is '2x'.

2. Area Calculation: The area for a 30 60 90 triangle can be calculated using:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} = \frac{1}{2} \times x \times x\sqrt{3} = \\ &= \frac{x^2\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

3. Perimeter Calculation: The perimeter of a 30 60 90 triangle is:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= x + x\sqrt{3} + 2x = (3 + \sqrt{3})x \end{aligned}$$

Common Problems in Worksheets

Worksheets on 45 45 90 and 30 60 90 triangles often include a variety of problem types to evaluate students' understanding of these geometric concepts. Here are some examples:

1. Finding Side Lengths

- Given the length of one leg of a 45 45 90 triangle, find the hypotenuse.
- Given the length of the shortest side of a 30 60 90 triangle, calculate the lengths of the other two sides.

2. Area and Perimeter Calculations

- Calculate the area of a 45 45 90 triangle with legs of length 5.
- Determine the perimeter of a 30 60 90 triangle where the shortest side is 4.

3. Real-world Applications

- A ladder is leaning against a wall forming a 30 60 90 triangle with the ground. If the base of the ladder is 6 feet from the wall, how high does the ladder reach on the wall?
- A triangular park has dimensions matching a 45 45 90 triangle. If one leg measures 10 meters, what is the

area of the park?

Answer Key for 45 45 90 and 30 60 90 Triangles Worksheets

Here is a sample answer key for the problems listed above:

1. Finding Side Lengths

- If one leg of a 45 45 90 triangle is 5:
 - Hypotenuse = $(5\sqrt{2}) \approx 7.07$
- If the shortest side of a 30 60 90 triangle is 4:
 - Side opposite 60 degrees = $(4\sqrt{3}) \approx 6.93$
 - Hypotenuse = $(2 \times 4 = 8)$

2. Area and Perimeter Calculations

- Area of a 45 45 90 triangle with legs of length 5:
 - Area = $(\frac{5^2}{2}) = \frac{25}{2} = 12.5$
- Perimeter of a 30 60 90 triangle where the shortest side is 4:
 - Perimeter = $(4 + 4\sqrt{3} + 8 \approx 4 + 6.93 + 8 = 18.93)$

3. Real-world Applications

- For the ladder problem:
 - Using the 30 60 90 ratios, if the base is 6 feet, the height = $(6\sqrt{3}) \approx 10.39$ feet.
- For the triangular park area:
 - Area = $(\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 = 50)$ square meters.

Conclusion

In summary, the 45 45 90 and 30 60 90 triangles worksheet answer key serves as an essential guide for

students mastering the properties and applications of these unique triangles. By understanding their properties, side length ratios, and real-world applications, students can gain a deeper appreciation for geometry and its relevance in everyday life. Worksheets are not only valuable for practice but also as a means to assess comprehension. As students work through these problems, they develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills that will aid them in their academic journeys and beyond.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the key properties of a 45-45-90 triangle?

In a 45-45-90 triangle, the legs are of equal length, and the length of the hypotenuse is $\sqrt{2}$ times the length of each leg.

What are the key properties of a 30-60-90 triangle?

In a 30-60-90 triangle, the side opposite the 30-degree angle is half the length of the hypotenuse, and the side opposite the 60-degree angle is $\sqrt{3}$ times the length of the shorter side.

How do you solve for the hypotenuse in a 45-45-90 triangle?

To find the hypotenuse in a 45-45-90 triangle, multiply the length of one leg by $\sqrt{2}$.

How do you find the side lengths in a 30-60-90 triangle given the hypotenuse?

For a 30-60-90 triangle, divide the length of the hypotenuse by 2 to get the length of the side opposite the 30-degree angle, and then multiply that length by $\sqrt{3}$ to find the length of the side opposite the 60-degree angle.

What is the formula to find the area of a 45-45-90 triangle?

The area of a 45-45-90 triangle can be calculated using the formula: $\text{Area} = (\text{leg}^2) / 2$, where 'leg' is the length of either leg.

What is the area formula for a 30-60-90 triangle?

The area of a 30-60-90 triangle can be calculated using the formula: $\text{Area} = (1/2) (\text{shorter leg}) (\text{longer leg})$, where the shorter leg is opposite the 30-degree angle and the longer leg is opposite the 60-degree angle.

Where can I find a worksheet with answers for 45-45-90 and 30-60-90 triangles?

You can find worksheets with answer keys for 45-45-90 and 30-60-90 triangles on educational websites, math resource sites, and through printable resources like teacher supply stores.

What types of problems can be found on a 45-45-90 and 30-60-90 triangle worksheet?

Problems typically include finding missing side lengths, calculating areas, and applying the properties of these triangles in real-world scenarios.

How can understanding 45-45-90 and 30-60-90 triangles help in geometry?

Understanding these triangles is crucial in geometry as they form the basis for trigonometric ratios and are frequently used in various geometric proofs and applications.

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