

CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET

CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET IS AN ESSENTIAL RESOURCE FOR STUDENTS AND PROFESSIONALS WHO NEED TO MASTER INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND ITS APPLICATIONS. THIS COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE COVERS THE FUNDAMENTAL FORMULAS AND CONCEPTS TYPICALLY ENCOUNTERED IN A SECOND-SEMESTER CALCULUS COURSE, INCLUDING TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION, SEQUENCES AND SERIES, PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS, POLAR COORDINATES, AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS. HAVING A WELL-ORGANIZED CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET AIDS IN QUICK REFERENCE AND ENHANCES UNDERSTANDING OF COMPLEX TOPICS, MAKING PROBLEM-SOLVING MORE EFFICIENT. THIS ARTICLE PRESENTS A DETAILED OVERVIEW OF THE KEY FORMULAS AND PRINCIPLES, STRUCTURED TO FACILITATE EASY LEARNING AND REVISION. WHETHER PREPARING FOR EXAMS OR APPLYING CALCULUS IN SCIENTIFIC FIELDS, THIS FORMULA SHEET PROVIDES THE NECESSARY TOOLS TO SUCCEED. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS EXPLORE EACH TOPIC WITH CLEAR EXPLANATIONS AND CATEGORIZED FORMULAS TO ENSURE A THOROUGH GRASP OF CALCULUS II MATERIAL.

- TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION
- SEQUENCES AND SERIES
- PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS AND POLAR COORDINATES
- DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
- ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT FORMULAS

TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION

TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION FORM THE BACKBONE OF CALCULUS 2, ALLOWING THE EVALUATION OF INTEGRALS THAT ARE NOT STRAIGHTFORWARD. MASTERY OF THESE TECHNIQUES IS CRUCIAL FOR SOLVING COMPLEX INTEGRALS, ESSENTIAL IN PHYSICS, ENGINEERING, AND HIGHER MATHEMATICS. THIS SECTION SUMMARIZES THE PRIMARY METHODS USED IN INTEGRAL CALCULUS.

INTEGRATION BY PARTS

INTEGRATION BY PARTS IS A METHOD DERIVED FROM THE PRODUCT RULE FOR DIFFERENTIATION. IT IS PARTICULARLY USEFUL WHEN THE INTEGRAND IS A PRODUCT OF TWO FUNCTIONS WHOSE DERIVATIVES AND INTEGRALS ARE KNOWN OR SIMPLER.

THE FORMULA IS:

- $\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$

HERE, u AND dv ARE PARTS OF THE ORIGINAL INTEGRAND CHOSEN TO SIMPLIFY THE INTEGRAL UPON SUBSTITUTION.

TRIGONOMETRIC INTEGRALS

INTEGRALS INVOLVING POWERS AND PRODUCTS OF SINE AND COSINE FUNCTIONS REQUIRE SPECIALIZED APPROACHES. SEVERAL REDUCTION FORMULAS AND IDENTITIES ASSIST IN EVALUATING THESE INTEGRALS EFFICIENTLY.

- $\int \sin^n(x) \, dx$ AND $\int \cos^n(x) \, dx$ CAN BE SOLVED USING POWER-REDUCTION FORMULAS.
- USE SUBSTITUTION WHEN THE INTEGRAND INCLUDES $\sin(ax)\cos(bx)$ OR SIMILAR PRODUCTS.

TRIGONOMETRIC SUBSTITUTION

TRIGONOMETRIC SUBSTITUTION IS USED TO EVALUATE INTEGRALS CONTAINING EXPRESSIONS LIKE $\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$, $\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}$, OR $\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}$. BY SUBSTITUTING x WITH A TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTION, THE INTEGRAL OFTEN SIMPLIFIES SIGNIFICANTLY.

PARTIAL FRACTION DECOMPOSITION

PARTIAL FRACTION DECOMPOSITION IS APPLIED TO RATIONAL FUNCTIONS WHERE THE DEGREE OF THE NUMERATOR IS LESS THAN THAT OF THE DENOMINATOR. IT EXPRESSES THE INTEGRAND AS A SUM OF SIMPLER FRACTIONS, FACILITATING EASIER INTEGRATION.

- DECOMPOSE INTO LINEAR OR QUADRATIC FACTORS.
- INTEGRATE EACH TERM SEPARATELY USING STANDARD FORMULAS.

SEQUENCES AND SERIES

SEQUENCES AND SERIES CONSTITUTE A MAJOR PART OF CALCULUS 2, DEALING WITH THE BEHAVIOR AND SUMMATION OF INFINITE SEQUENCES. THIS SECTION COVERS ESSENTIAL FORMULAS RELATED TO CONVERGENCE TESTS, POWER SERIES, AND TAYLOR SERIES EXPANSIONS.

DEFINITION OF A SEQUENCE

A SEQUENCE IS AN ORDERED LIST OF NUMBERS DEFINED BY A FUNCTION OF THE INDEX n , TYPICALLY DENOTED AS $\{a_n\}$. UNDERSTANDING LIMITS OF SEQUENCES IS FUNDAMENTAL TO ANALYZING THEIR CONVERGENCE OR DIVERGENCE.

SERIES AND CONVERGENCE TESTS

A SERIES IS THE SUM OF THE TERMS OF A SEQUENCE. DETERMINING IF A SERIES CONVERGES OR DIVERGES IS CRITICAL IN CALCULUS. THE FOLLOWING ARE KEY TESTS USED:

- **GEOMETRIC SERIES TEST:** A GEOMETRIC SERIES $\sum ar^n$ CONVERGES IF $|r| < 1$, WITH SUM $S = a / (1 - r)$.
- **INTEGRAL TEST:** COMPARES THE SERIES TO AN IMPROPER INTEGRAL TO DETERMINE CONVERGENCE.
- **COMPARISON TEST:** COMPARES THE SERIES TO A KNOWN CONVERGENT OR DIVERGENT SERIES.
- **RATIO TEST:** USES THE LIMIT OF $|a_{n+1}/a_n|$ TO TEST CONVERGENCE.
- **ALTERNATING SERIES TEST:** APPLIES TO SERIES WHOSE TERMS ALTERNATE IN SIGN.

POWER SERIES

POWER SERIES ARE INFINITE SERIES IN THE FORM $\sum c_n (x - a)^n$. IMPORTANT ASPECTS INCLUDE RADIUS AND INTERVAL OF CONVERGENCE, WHICH DETERMINE FOR WHICH VALUES OF x THE SERIES CONVERGES.

TAYLOR AND MACLAURIN SERIES

TAYLOR SERIES EXPRESS FUNCTIONS AS INFINITE SUMS OF DERIVATIVES AT A POINT. THE MACLAURIN SERIES IS A SPECIAL CASE CENTERED AT ZERO.

- **TAYLOR SERIES FORMULA:** $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(a)}{n!} (x - a)^n$
- **MACLAURIN SERIES FORMULA:** $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} x^n$

PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS AND POLAR COORDINATES

THIS SECTION FOCUSES ON CALCULUS INVOLVING CURVES DEFINED PARAMETRICALLY OR IN POLAR FORM. SUCH REPRESENTATIONS ARE COMMON IN PHYSICS AND ENGINEERING WHEN CARTESIAN COORDINATES ARE INSUFFICIENT.

PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS

PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS EXPRESS X AND Y AS FUNCTIONS OF A PARAMETER T. CALCULUS OPERATIONS INCLUDE FINDING DERIVATIVES AND INTEGRALS RELATED TO THESE PARAMETRIC CURVES.

- DERIVATIVE OF Y WITH RESPECT TO X: $dy/dx = (dy/dt) / (dx/dt)$
- ARC LENGTH FORMULA: $L = \int_a^b \sqrt{(dx/dt)^2 + (dy/dt)^2} dt$
- AREA UNDER A PARAMETRIC CURVE: $A = \int_a^b y(t) (dx/dt) dt$

POLAR COORDINATES

POLAR COORDINATES DESCRIBE POINTS BY RADIUS R AND ANGLE θ . CALCULUS IN POLAR FORM REQUIRES DIFFERENT FORMULAS FOR DERIVATIVES, AREAS, AND ARC LENGTHS.

- DERIVATIVE dy/dx IN POLAR FORM: $(dr/d\theta \sin \theta + r \cos \theta) / (dr/d\theta \cos \theta - r \sin \theta)$
- AREA ENCLOSED BY A POLAR CURVE: $A = (1/2) \int_a^b r^2 d\theta$
- ARC LENGTH OF A POLAR CURVE: $L = \int_a^b \sqrt{r^2 + (dr/d\theta)^2} d\theta$

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

CALCULUS 2 INTRODUCES BASIC DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, FOCUSING ON METHODS TO SOLVE FIRST-ORDER AND SOME SECOND-ORDER EQUATIONS. THESE ARE CRUCIAL FOR MODELING REAL-WORLD PHENOMENA.

SEPARABLE EQUATIONS

SEPARABLE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS CAN BE WRITTEN AS $f(y) dy = g(x) dx$ AND SOLVED BY INTEGRATING BOTH SIDES.

LINEAR FIRST-ORDER EQUATIONS

LINEAR FIRST-ORDER EQUATIONS HAVE THE FORM $dy/dx + P(x)y = Q(x)$. THE INTEGRATING FACTOR METHOD IS USED TO SOLVE THEM:

- INTEGRATING FACTOR: $M(x) = e^{\int P(x) dx}$
- SOLUTION: $y = (1/M(x)) [\int M(x) Q(x) dx + C]$

HOMOGENEOUS AND NON-HOMOGENEOUS EQUATIONS

SECOND-ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF THE FORM $ay'' + by' + cy = f(x)$ ARE STUDIED, EMPHASIZING METHODS SUCH AS CHARACTERISTIC EQUATIONS FOR HOMOGENEOUS CASES AND PARTICULAR SOLUTIONS FOR NON-HOMOGENEOUS CASES.

ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT FORMULAS

THIS SECTION LISTS OTHER VITAL FORMULAS AND IDENTITIES FREQUENTLY USED IN CALCULUS 2 FOR QUICK REFERENCE.

- **FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF CALCULUS:** CONNECTS DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION, STATING THAT IF F IS THE ANTIDERIVATIVE OF f , THEN $\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$.
- **REDUCTION FORMULAS:** RECURSIVE FORMULAS THAT REDUCE THE POWER OF INTEGRANDS, ESPECIALLY USEFUL FOR TRIGONOMETRIC AND EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS.
- **ARC LENGTH FOR CARTESIAN CURVES:** $L = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + (dy/dx)^2} dx$
- **SURFACE AREA OF REVOLUTION:** $S = \int_a^b 2\pi y \sqrt{1 + (dy/dx)^2} dx$ OR IN TERMS OF x OR y DEPENDING ON AXIS OF ROTATION.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT ARE THE ESSENTIAL INTEGRATION FORMULAS INCLUDED IN A CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET?

A CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET TYPICALLY INCLUDES INTEGRATION FORMULAS SUCH AS THE POWER RULE FOR INTEGRALS, INTEGRATION BY PARTS, TRIGONOMETRIC INTEGRALS, TRIGONOMETRIC SUBSTITUTION, PARTIAL FRACTION DECOMPOSITION, AND FORMULAS FOR IMPROPER INTEGRALS.

DOES THE CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET INCLUDE SERIES AND SEQUENCES FORMULAS?

YES, IT USUALLY CONTAINS FORMULAS RELATED TO SEQUENCES AND SERIES, INCLUDING THE N TH TERM TEST, FORMULAS FOR GEOMETRIC SERIES, THE HARMONIC SERIES, CONVERGENCE TESTS LIKE THE RATIO AND ROOT TESTS, AND TAYLOR AND MACLAURIN SERIES EXPANSIONS.

ARE PARAMETRIC AND POLAR COORDINATE FORMULAS PART OF THE CALCULUS 2

FORMULA SHEET?

YES, FORMULAS FOR DERIVATIVES AND INTEGRALS IN PARAMETRIC AND POLAR COORDINATES ARE OFTEN INCLUDED, SUCH AS THE ARC LENGTH AND AREA FORMULAS FOR CURVES DEFINED PARAMETRICALLY OR IN POLAR FORM.

WHAT DIFFERENTIATION FORMULAS ARE USUALLY FOUND ON A CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET?

WHILE CALCULUS 2 FOCUSES MORE ON INTEGRATION AND SERIES, THE FORMULA SHEET MAY STILL INCLUDE STANDARD DIFFERENTIATION FORMULAS FOR REFERENCE, INCLUDING THE DERIVATIVES OF EXPONENTIAL, LOGARITHMIC, INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS, AND IMPLICIT DIFFERENTIATION.

DOES THE CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET COVER TECHNIQUES FOR SOLVING IMPROPER INTEGRALS?

YES, THE FORMULA SHEET OFTEN INCLUDES DEFINITIONS AND GUIDELINES FOR EVALUATING IMPROPER INTEGRALS, SUCH AS LIMITS APPROACHING INFINITY OR DISCONTINUITIES WITHIN THE INTERVAL OF INTEGRATION.

HOW ARE VOLUME AND SURFACE AREA FORMULAS PRESENTED ON A CALCULUS 2 FORMULA SHEET?

FORMULAS FOR VOLUMES OF SOLIDS OF REVOLUTION USING THE DISK, WASHER, AND SHELL METHODS, AS WELL AS SURFACE AREA FORMULAS FOR SOLIDS GENERATED BY REVOLVING CURVES AROUND AN AXIS, ARE COMMONLY INCLUDED ON THE FORMULA SHEET.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *CALCULUS II ESSENTIALS: A FORMULA AND CONCEPT GUIDE*

THIS BOOK PROVIDES A CONCISE OVERVIEW OF KEY FORMULAS AND CONCEPTS IN CALCULUS II. IT COVERS INTEGRATION TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES AND SERIES, AND PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS. DESIGNED FOR QUICK REFERENCE, IT'S IDEAL FOR STUDENTS NEEDING A RELIABLE FORMULA SHEET DURING STUDY SESSIONS OR EXAMS.

2. *MASTERING CALCULUS II: COMPREHENSIVE FORMULA REFERENCE*

FOCUSED ON THE SECOND SEMESTER OF CALCULUS, THIS BOOK COMPILES ALL ESSENTIAL FORMULAS RELATED TO INTEGRATION METHODS, IMPROPER INTEGRALS, AND INFINITE SERIES. IT INCLUDES CLEAR EXPLANATIONS AND EXAMPLE PROBLEMS TO REINFORCE UNDERSTANDING. IT'S AN EXCELLENT COMPANION FOR BOTH CLASSROOM LEARNING AND SELF-STUDY.

3. *THE CALCULUS II FORMULA HANDBOOK*

THIS HANDBOOK OFFERS A WELL-ORGANIZED COLLECTION OF FORMULAS COMMONLY USED IN CALCULUS II COURSES. FROM INTEGRATION TECHNIQUES SUCH AS SUBSTITUTION AND PARTIAL FRACTIONS TO SEQUENCES AND SERIES TESTS, IT SERVES AS A PRACTICAL TOOL FOR QUICK FORMULA RETRIEVAL. THE BOOK ALSO FEATURES USEFUL TIPS FOR APPLYING THE FORMULAS EFFECTIVELY.

4. *CALCULUS II FORMULA SHEET AND PRACTICE PROBLEMS*

COMBINING A THOROUGH FORMULA SHEET WITH A VARIETY OF PRACTICE PROBLEMS, THIS BOOK HELPS STUDENTS MASTER CALCULUS II TOPICS. EACH SECTION PRESENTS FORMULAS ALONGSIDE SOLVED EXAMPLES, MAKING IT EASIER TO GRASP COMPLEX CONCEPTS. IT COVERS INTEGRATION, SERIES CONVERGENCE, AND PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS IN DEPTH.

5. *ESSENTIAL FORMULAS FOR CALCULUS II SUCCESS*

THIS COMPACT GUIDE DISTILLS THE MOST IMPORTANT FORMULAS NEEDED TO EXCEL IN CALCULUS II. IT EMPHASIZES CLARITY AND SIMPLICITY, PROVIDING STEP-BY-STEP EXPLANATIONS FOR EACH FORMULA'S DERIVATION AND USE. THE BOOK IS A HANDY TOOL FOR EXAM PREPARATION AND HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS.

6. *CALCULUS II QUICK REFERENCE: FORMULAS AND THEOREMS*

DESIGNED AS A QUICK REFERENCE, THIS BOOK HIGHLIGHTS CRUCIAL FORMULAS AND THEOREMS ENCOUNTERED IN CALCULUS II.

TOPICS INCLUDE INTEGRATION TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES, SERIES, AND POLAR COORDINATES. IT'S FORMATTED FOR EASY NAVIGATION, ALLOWING STUDENTS TO QUICKLY LOCATE THE INFORMATION THEY NEED.

7. INTEGRATION TECHNIQUES AND SERIES: A CALCULUS II FORMULA GUIDE

THIS BOOK FOCUSES SPECIFICALLY ON INTEGRATION METHODS AND SERIES FORMULAS, TWO CORE AREAS OF CALCULUS II. IT EXPLAINS EACH TECHNIQUE WITH FORMULAS AND EXAMPLES, AIDING IN COMPREHENSION AND APPLICATION. THE GUIDE IS HELPFUL FOR STUDENTS WHO WANT TO DEEPEN THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF THESE TOPICS.

8. CALCULUS II FORMULA COMPENDIUM WITH EXPLANATIONS

THIS COMPREHENSIVE COMPENDIUM NOT ONLY LISTS FORMULAS BUT ALSO PROVIDES DETAILED EXPLANATIONS AND CONTEXT. COVERING INTEGRATION, PARAMETRIC EQUATIONS, AND SERIES, IT HELPS STUDENTS LEARN WHY FORMULAS WORK, NOT JUST HOW TO USE THEM. IT'S SUITABLE FOR THOSE AIMING FOR A THOROUGH GRASP OF CALCULUS II.

9. STUDY GUIDE AND FORMULA COLLECTION FOR CALCULUS II

COMBINING STUDY TIPS WITH A COMPLETE FORMULA COLLECTION, THIS BOOK SUPPORTS STUDENTS THROUGHOUT THEIR CALCULUS II COURSEWORK. IT BREAKS DOWN COMPLEX TOPICS INTO MANAGEABLE SECTIONS WITH FORMULAS AND SUMMARIES. THE GUIDE ALSO INCLUDES MNEMONIC DEVICES TO AID MEMORY RETENTION.

Calculus 2 Formula Sheet

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